

平成 27 年 度 (第 54 回)

英 語 検 定 試 験 問 題

2 級

平成 27 年 9 月 6 日 (日) 実施

注 意

1. 解答にあてられた時間は 80 分です。試験開始後の途中退場はできません。
2. 問題は全部で 12 問あります。
3. 問題 [3] ~ [6] は「聞き方」の試験です。15 分程経ってから開始されます。余裕があれば、放送が始まる前に問題に目を通しておいてもかまいません。
4. いっさい声を出して読むはいけません。
5. 印刷不明のところのほかは、問題についての質問はいっさいできません。
6. 解答用紙は別紙になっています。答えはすべて解答用紙にマークしなさい。
7. 筆記用具は B または H B の黒鉛筆またはシャープペンシルを用いなさい。
(万年筆、ボールペンは使用不可)
8. 氏名等、必要事項を解答用紙の決められた欄に記入およびマークしなさい。
9. 問題用紙、解答用紙ともに提出してください。

主催 公益財団法人全国商業高等学校協会

解答用紙番号		
受験番号		
年	組	番
氏名		

□1 次の各組の中に、第1音節（1番目の部分）をもっとも強く発音する語が1つずつあります。
その語の番号を選びなさい。

- a. ① ac-tive ② com-pare ③ de-light ④ re-sult
- b. ① ac-cept ② di-rect ③ for-mal ④ pre-vent
- c. ① at-ten-tion ② ed-u-cate ③ im-por-tance ④ who-ev-er
- d. ① cu-ri-ous ② dis-ap-point ③ o-ver-come ④ suc-cess-ful
- e. ① ex-per-i-ment ② in-dus-tri-al ③ un-u-su-al ④ val-u-a-ble

□2 次のa～eの各問いに対するもっとも適切な答えを①～④の中からそれぞれ1つずつ選びなさい。

a. Your friend from Canada is leaving Japan. What would you say if you want to exchange letters in the future?

- ① Please keep in touch.
- ② Please don't remind me of the letters.
- ③ I don't know how long it will take to send letters to Canada.
- ④ Canadian stamps are not sold in Japan.

b. You are trying on a shirt but it is a little too expensive for you. What would you say to the shopkeeper?

- ① The shirt seems too tight for me.
- ② I think I can afford this shirt.
- ③ Can I try a less expensive one?
- ④ I would like to return this shirt I bought yesterday.

c. Your sister is talking to you while she is eating. What would you say if you want her to stop talking like that?

- ① Go ahead and keep eating.
- ② Can you stop eating mine?
- ③ Please use this paper to wipe your mouth.
- ④ Can you stop talking with your mouth full?

d. Your friends suggest going out for a walk. But you would like to stay inside your room because it's cold outside. What would you say?

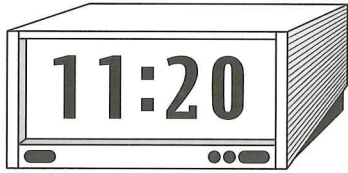
- ① I need my jacket to go walking outside.
- ② I would rather stay here and keep warm.
- ③ Please don't leave me alone here.
- ④ Taking a bus would be more convenient.

e. Your friend made a cup of tea for you. What would you say if it is too strong?

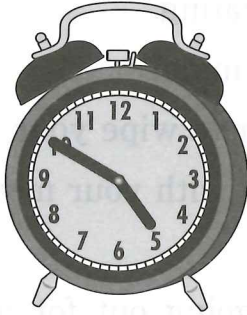
- ① The taste is perfect for me.
- ② Can you make it a little stronger for me?
- ③ Can I add some more hot water?
- ④ I like it weak like this.

3 これから a～e の絵や図表などについて、英語で会話と問いがそれぞれ 2 回ずつ読まれます。
その問いに対するもっとも適当な答えを①～③の中から 1 つずつ選びなさい。

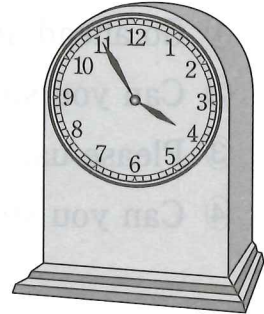
a.



①

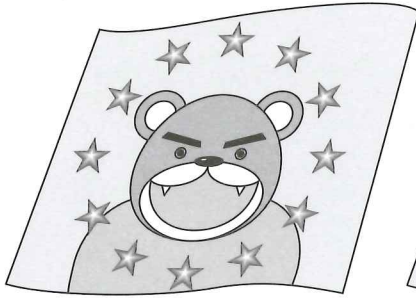


②

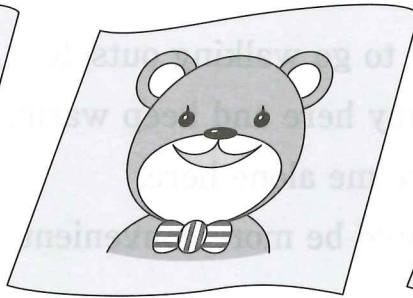


③

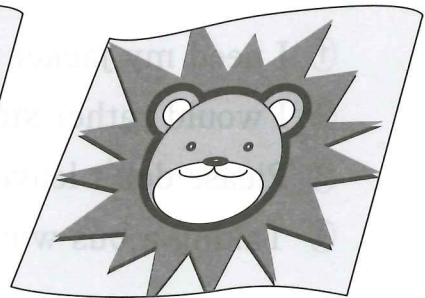
b.



①



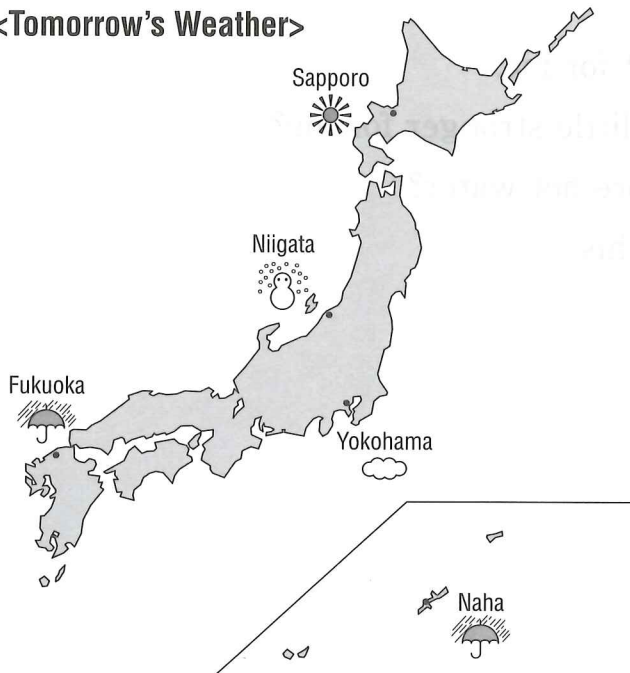
②



③

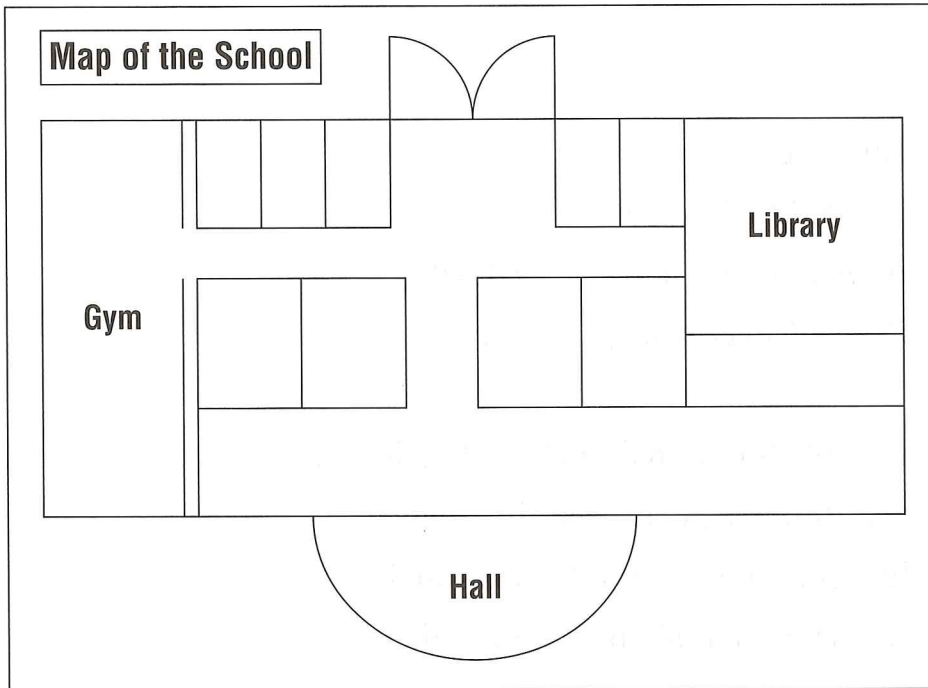
c.

<Tomorrow's Weather>



- ① Sapporo
- ② Yokohama
- ③ Fukuoka

d.



- ① Turn right.
- ② Turn left.
- ③ Go straight.

e.

The poster has a grey background with a wavy bottom edge. At the top, it says "Oct. 10-Nov. 30" in a bold, sans-serif font. Below that, the words "ART Festival" are written in a large, stylized, hand-painted font. Underneath the title, it says "THE PORT MUSEUM" in a bold, sans-serif font. At the bottom, it says "9:00 a.m.-5:00 p.m." in a smaller, sans-serif font.

- ① Oct. 10
- ② Oct. 11
- ③ Nov. 30

4 はじめに短い英文が読まれます。次にその内容について問いの文が読まれます。同じ英文と問いの文がもう1回くり返されます。その問いに対するもっとも適当な答えを①～④の中から1つずつ選びなさい。

- a. Because { ① Bill lost his.
② Bill didn't have one.
③ it was Bill's birthday yesterday.
④ it was Christmas yesterday.

- b. Because { ① she left for school without her lunch.
② she didn't buy any sandwiches.
③ her classmates bought her lunch.
④ the sandwich shop was closed.

- c. { ① Two
② Three
③ Four
④ Five } days.

- d. ① They watched TV at home.
② They played tennis in the rain.
③ They planned to play tennis the next day.
④ They stayed at a hotel.

- e. She bought it { ① at a bookstore near her school.
② at a bookstore near the station.
③ at a bookstore behind her house.
④ on the Internet.

5 これから a～e の英文がそれぞれ 2 回ずつ読まれます。その内容と一致するものを①～④の中から 1 つずつ選びなさい。

- a. ① Emily joined the school band.
② Emily visited a school festival.
③ Emily's friends played the guitar outside.
④ Emily's friends were professional guitarists.
- b. ① Jessica is in good condition.
② Jessica's parents live in Italy.
③ Jessica often calls her parents.
④ Jessica will come back to her parents soon.
- c. ① Miwa borrowed a notebook from the library.
② Miwa lost her dictionary.
③ Miwa's notebook was given back to her.
④ Miwa returned a notebook to the library.
- d. ① Keiko is going to play soccer with her friends tomorrow.
② Keiko and her friends will go to the tennis court by train.
③ Keiko will meet her friends at the soccer ground.
④ Keiko and her friends are going to enjoy tennis tomorrow.
- e. ① Susumu needed to wear glasses.
② The letters written on the blackboard didn't make sense.
③ The doctor told Susumu to read the letters.
④ Susumu had to read a lot of letters from his friends.

6 学校でPaulとNanaが会話をしています。その内容について英語で5つの問いが読まれます。同じ会話と問いがもう一回くり返されます。その問いに対するもっとも適当な答えを①～④の中から1つずつ選びなさい。

a. She went to { ① Australia.
② Canada.
③ Japan.
④ the United States.

b. ① A few days before she visited the U.S.
② After she came back to Japan.
③ When she first visited her host family.
④ When she talked on the phone.

c. She felt that { ① she wasn't really welcome.
② she wanted to go back to Japan.
③ she wanted to phone her father in Japan.
④ she was sent to the wrong place.

- d. Because {
- ① he didn't talk to her in English.
 - ② he wanted her to feel relaxed.
 - ③ Nana was just too busy.
 - ④ Nana was very hungry.

- e. She learned that {
- ① Americans and Japanese act the same.
 - ② Americans are too polite.
 - ③ there are no differences between our cultures.
 - ④ understanding different cultures is important.

7 次の英文を読んで、a～eについて本文の内容と一致するものを①～④の中から1つずつ選びなさい。

Buying on credit is a way of buying goods or services without cash. Today, every Japanese person has more than three credit cards on average, and in the U.S., the number rises to five or more.

In 1950, an American businessman, Frank McNamara, ate at a restaurant. When he was about to pay the bill, he found he had left his wallet at home. He called his wife and asked her to bring it to the restaurant. He felt upset while he was waiting. Then he wondered if there could be another way to pay the bill. That's how the idea of credit buying started. His company is now well known as Diners Club, a famous credit company.

After Frank started Diners Club, many companies started the same kind of business. The materials used for credit cards in those days were paper or metal. A Japanese credit company, the Japan Diners Club, made plastic credit cards for the first time in history, and this helped plastic cards become widely used. The usefulness of credit cards increased sales in many fields of business. In the development of the world economy, credit cards may have been quite important.

a. Buying on credit is very $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \textcircled{1} \text{ dangerous} \\ \textcircled{2} \text{ common} \\ \textcircled{3} \text{ rare} \\ \textcircled{4} \text{ cheap} \end{array} \right\}$ in Japan as well as the U.S.

b. The history of credit cards started when an American businessman

- $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \textcircled{1} \text{ forgot his money.} \\ \textcircled{2} \text{ loved his money.} \\ \textcircled{3} \text{ wanted more money.} \\ \textcircled{4} \text{ hated carrying money.} \end{array} \right.$

c. The credit company Frank McNamara started is still

- $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \textcircled{1} \text{ based in Japan.} \\ \textcircled{2} \text{ well-known.} \\ \textcircled{3} \text{ the biggest credit card company.} \\ \textcircled{4} \text{ using metal cards.} \end{array} \right.$

d. A Japanese credit company made the first

- $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \textcircled{1} \text{ paper} \\ \textcircled{2} \text{ metal} \\ \textcircled{3} \text{ plastic} \\ \textcircled{4} \text{ wooden} \end{array} \right\}$
- cards.

e. $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \textcircled{1} \text{ As} \\ \textcircled{2} \text{ Before} \\ \textcircled{3} \text{ Unless} \\ \textcircled{4} \text{ Though} \end{array} \right\}$ the world economy developed,
the importance of credit cards increased.

8 次の会話文を読んで、(a)～(e)に入るもっとも適切なものを①～⑥の中からそれぞれ1つずつ
選びなさい。

Meg : Hi, Kenji. Welcome to my house.

Kenji : Thank you very much for inviting me.

Meg : You're always welcome. _____ (a)

Kenji : Thank you, Meg. _____ (b)

Meg : No, you don't have to. You can keep your shoes on.

Kenji : OK.

Meg : You must be tired after that long walk from the station.

_____ (c)

Kenji : Yes, please.

Meg : With milk and sugar?

Kenji : No, thank you. _____ (d)

Meg : OK, I'll be back soon.

(three minutes later)

Meg : Here's your coffee. I baked some cookies for you this morning.

_____ (e)

Kenji : Wow, they look delicious!

- ① I like my coffee black.
- ② Should I take off my shoes?
- ③ Can I enter with my shoes on?
- ④ Please help yourself.
- ⑤ Come in and make yourself at home.
- ⑥ Would you like a cup of coffee?

9 次の a～e の英文の () に入るもっとも適当なものを①～④の中から1つずつ選びなさい。

- a. The job was so () that he felt tired in just one hour.
① exciting ② mild ③ wonderful ④ tough
- b. The campers had to () wood for cooking because there was no oil left.
① bury ② gather ③ protect ④ serve
- c. () helps us learn a lot of life lessons, though following it is sometimes difficult.
① Invitation ② Medicine ③ Protection ④ Tradition
- d. The bridge was () damaged in the flood and people had to take boats to cross the river.
① badly ② hardly ③ intelligently ④ tightly
- e. Could you () these sweet potatoes in paper?
① post ② pour ③ search ④ wrap

10 次の英文の①～⑤にはどの語が入りますか。もっとも適当なものを①～④の中から1つずつ選びなさい。

Scientists in an English university are (a) with music. They want to know what types of music make customers spend the most money. What they did was to play different kinds of *background music in a restaurant. They watched (b) and recorded what happened.

When they played pop music, they found that customers spent 22 British pounds on average. However, if they played classical music softly, customers spent (c) 24 pounds. That's 10 percent more.

“According to our study, music does have an effect on people's feelings. Classical music makes customers feel rich,” said Dr. Adrian North, at the University of Leicester. “They then order (d) things, such as salads, desserts and coffee.” Interestingly, if there was no background music, customers spent only 21 pounds on average. They spent less because they did not order so much.

The man who owns the restaurants where the scientists (e) out the study said, “Sometimes I play what I like, not what the customers like. Now, I'll be more careful. I'll use less pop music. Classical music is what I should play.”

*background music : 背景音楽, BGM

- | | | | |
|-------------|------------|-------------|------------------|
| ① arranging | ② entering | ③ expecting | ④ experimenting) |
| ① carefully | ② fast | ③ naturally | ④ slowly) |
| ① on | ② over | ③ to | ④ under) |
| ① cheaper | ② larger | ③ healthy | ④ unwanted) |
| ① ate | ② carried | ③ found | ④ pointed) |

11 次の a～e の英文の () にはどの語句が入りますか。もっとも適当なものを①～③の中から1つずつ選びなさい。

- a. Mary usually (① wears ② is wearing ③ will wear) jeans to school.
- b. The number of (① work ② worked ③ working) people in Japan is going down.
- c. Would you mind (① I ② my ③ mine) opening the window?
- d. The heart of a human is (① much ② more ③ most) larger than that of a bird.
- e. Any book (① do ② did ③ will do) as long as it is interesting.

12 次の a～e の英文の意味が通るようにするには、() の中の語句をどのように並べたらよいですか。正しい順序のものを①～④の中から1つずつ選びなさい。

- a. You (1. your report 2. finish 3. to 4. are) by tomorrow morning.
[① 2-1-4-3 ② 2-3-1-4 ③ 4-2-3-1 ④ 4-3-2-1]
- b. This song (1. is 2. to 3. people 4. known) all over the world.
[① 1-2-4-3 ② 1-4-2-3 ③ 2-3-4-1 ④ 3-1-4-2]
- c. All (1. to 2. you 3. do 4. have) is write your name here.
[① 2-3-1-4 ② 2-4-1-3 ③ 3-2-4-1 ④ 4-1-2-3]
- d. I'll take (1. it 2. case 3. in 4. an umbrella) rains.
[① 1-3-2-4 ② 3-2-4-1 ③ 4-3-1-2 ④ 4-3-2-1]
- e. I heard (1. my mother 2. on 3. talking 4. the phone) at midnight.
[① 1-3-2-4 ② 2-4-3-1 ③ 3-1-2-4 ④ 4-3-1-2]